

**NOTICE OF PROPOSED EXEMPT RULEMAKING**  
**TITLE 9. HEALTH SERVICES**  
**CHAPTER 22. ARIZONA HEALTH CARE COST CONTAINMENT SYSTEM**  
**ADMINISTRATION**

**PREAMBLE**

**1. Article, Part, or Section Affected (as applicable)**

R9-22-730

**Rulemaking Action:**

Amend

**2. Citations to the agency's statutory rulemaking authority to include the authorizing statute (general) and the implementing statute (specific):**

Authorizing statute: A.R.S. § 36-2901.08

Implementing statute: A.R.S. § 36-2901.08

Statute authorizing the exemption: A.R.S. § 41-1005(A)(31)

**3. Citations to all related notices published in the Register as specified in R1-1-409(A) that pertain to the record of the proposed rule:**

Not applicable.

**4. The agency's contact person who can answer questions about the rulemaking:**

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**5. An agency's justification and reason why a rule should be made, amended, repealed or renumbered, to include an explanation about the rulemaking:**

A.R.S. § 36-2901.08 authorizes the Administration to establish, administer and collect an assessment on hospital revenues, discharges, or bed days for funding a portion of the non-federal share of the costs incurred beginning January 1, 2014, associated with eligible persons added to the program by A.R.S. §§ 36-2901.01 and 36-2901.07.

This rulemaking will amend rates paid by hospitals under the Hospital Assessment authorized by A.R.S. § 36-2901.08 for the federal fiscal year (FFY) 2023, beginning October 1, 2022, and running through September 30, 2023. This assessment funds the cost of covered services to certain eligibility groups identified in the statute. As with prior rulemakings implementing the hospital assessment, it is the Administration's objective to assess only as much as is necessary to meet the estimated costs associated with the projected populations referenced in the

statute. As such, it is necessary for the Administration to adjust the assessment from time to time as the Administration updates its estimate of the number of eligible persons and projected cost associated with coverage for those persons.

The amendments proposed by the Administration use more recent data to update the figures of the assessment for the period beginning October 1, 2022. Currently, the model uses data from the 2019 Medicare Cost Reports and 2019 Uniform Accounting Reports. The proposed rule will continue to use the 2019 Medicare Cost Reports and 2019 Uniform Accounting Reports, due to volatility of data during the COVID-19 public health emergency.

The amount of the assessment determined by the model will increase to \$588 million. Additional date changes have been made to include hospitals in the assessment that opened during FFY 2022.

**6. A reference to any study relevant to the rule that the agency reviewed and proposes either to rely on or not to rely on in its evaluation of or justification for the rule, where the public may obtain or review each study, all data underlying each study, and any analysis of each study and other supporting material:**

No studies were conducted relevant to the rule.

**7. A showing of good cause why the rulemaking is necessary to promote a statewide interest if the rulemaking will diminish a previous grant of authority of a political subdivision of this state:**

Not applicable.

**8. The preliminary summary of the economic, small business, and consumer impact:**

The monies collected from the assessment currently in rule reflects the amount needed in FFY 2022 (October 1, 2021 – September 30, 2022) to cover the estimated cost of care, approximately \$534 million. The estimated need is increasing to approximately \$588 million for FFY 2023. The 2019 report data used to calculate these amounts are maintained in the rulemaking. The Administration does not intend to use 2020 or 2021 data to calculate the hospital assessment for FFY 2023 or going forward, due to the impact of the COVID-19 Public Health Emergency on the data. When available, the administration will also evaluate whether 2022 reports are appropriate to use in calculating the hospital assessment in later years.

The AHCCCS program is jointly funded by the state and the federal government through the Medicaid program. Depending on the eligibility category of the individual, the federal government provides between two-thirds and 100% of the cost of care for persons described in A.R.S. § 36.2901.08(A). The Administration will use the amounts collected from the assessment combined with the federal financial participation to fund the cost of health care coverage for over 600,000 persons described in A.R.S. § 36.2901.08(A) through direct payments to health care providers and capitation payments to managed care organizations that, in turn, make payments to health care providers that render care to AHCCCS members. Many of these providers are small businesses located in Arizona. A.R.S. § 36-2901.08 prohibits the assessed hospitals from passing the cost of the assessment on to patients or third parties who pay for care in the hospital.

Along with a copy of this proposed exempt rule making, the Administration has posted to its website information regarding the fiscal impact of this amendment to hospitals:

<https://azahcccs.gov/PlansProviders/CurrentProviders/State/proposedrules.html>

**9. The agency's contact person who can answer questions about the economic, small business and consumer impact statement:**

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**10. The time, place, and nature of the proceedings to make, amend, repeal, or renumber the rule, or if no proceeding is scheduled, where, when, and how persons may request an oral proceeding on the proposed rule:** Proposed rule language will be available on the AHCCCS website. Please send comments to the above address by the close of the comment period, 5:00 p.m., July 5, 2022.

Date: July 5, 2022  
Time: 2:00 p.m.  
Location: [meet.google.com/vvo-hjzw-iou](https://meet.google.com/vvo-hjzw-iou)  
Nature: Public Hearing

**11. All agencies shall list other matters prescribed by statute applicable to the specific agency or to any specific rule or class of rules. Additionally, an agency subject to Council review under A.R.S. §§ 41-1052 and 41-1055 shall respond to the following questions:**

No other matters have been prescribed.

**a. Whether the rule requires a permit, whether a general permit is used and if not, the reasons why a general permit is not used:**

Not applicable.

**b. Whether a federal law is applicable to the subject of the rule, whether the rule is more stringent than federal law and if so, citation to the statutory authority to exceed the requirements of federal law:**

The rulemaking must be established consistent with 42 CFR Part 433 Subpart B. The rule is not more stringent than federal law.

**c. Whether a person submitted an analysis to the agency that compares the rule's impact of the competitiveness of business in this state to the impact on business in other states:**

No analysis was submitted.

**12. A list of any incorporated by reference material as specified in A.R.S. § 41-1028 and its location in the rules:** Not applicable.

**13. The full text of the rules follows:**

**TITLE 9. HEALTH SERVICES**  
**CHAPTER 22. ARIZONA HEALTH CARE COST CONTAINMENT SYSTEM**  
**ADMINISTRATION**  
**ARTICLE 7. STANDARDS FOR PAYMENTS**

**Section**

R9-22-730 Health Assessment Fund - Hospital Assessment

## ARTICLE 7. STANDARD FOR PAYMENTS

### R9-22-730. Hospital Assessment Fund Hospital Assessment

- A.** For purposes of this Section, the following terms are defined as provided below unless the context specifically requires another meaning:
1. “2019 Medicare Cost Report” means:
    - a. The Medicare Cost Report for the hospital fiscal year ending in calendar year 2019 as reported in the CMS Healthcare Provider Cost Reporting Information System (HCRIS) release dated October 9, 2020.
  2. “2019 Uniform Accounting Report” means the Uniform Accounting Report submitted to the Arizona Department of Health Services as of December 10, 2020 for the hospital’s fiscal year ending in calendar year 2019.
  3. “Quarter” means the three month period beginning January 1, April 1, July 1, and October 1 of each year.
  4. A “new hospital” means a licensed hospital that did not hold a license from the Arizona Department of Health Services prior to January 2, 2022.
  5. “Outpatient Net Patient Revenues” means an amount, calculated using data in the hospital’s 2019 Uniform Accounting Report, that is equal to the hospital’s 2019 total net patient revenue multiplied by the ratio of the hospital’s 2019 gross outpatient revenue to the hospital’s 2019 total gross patient revenue.
- B.** Beginning January 1, 2014, for each Arizona licensed hospital not excluded under subsection (I) shall be subject to an assessment payable on a quarterly basis. The assessment shall be levied against the legal owner of each hospital as of the first day of the quarter, and except as otherwise required by subsections (D), (E) and (F). For the period beginning October 1, ~~2021~~2022, the assessment for each hospital shall be amount equal to the sum of: (1) the number of discharges reported on the hospital’s 2019 Medicare Cost Report, excluding discharges reported on the Medicare Cost Report as “Other Long Term Care Discharges,” multiplied by the following rates appropriate to the hospital’s peer group; and (2) the amount of outpatient net patient revenues multiplied by the following rate appropriate to the hospital’s peer group:
1. ~~\$748.50~~\$829.50 per discharge and ~~4.3700%~~1.5314% of outpatient net patient revenues for hospitals located in a county with a population less than 500,000 that are designated as type: hospital, subtype: short-term.
  2. ~~\$748.50~~\$829.50 per discharge and ~~0.5708%~~0.6381% of outpatient net patient revenues for hospitals designated as type: hospital, subtype: critical access hospital.
  3. ~~\$187.25~~\$207.50 per discharge and ~~0.5708%~~0.6381% of outpatient net patient revenues for hospitals designated as type: hospital, subtype: long term.
  4. ~~\$187.25~~\$207.50 per discharge and ~~0.5708%~~0.6381% of outpatient net patient revenues for hospitals designated as type: hospital, subtype: psychiatric, that reported 2,500 or more discharges on the 2019 Medicare Cost Report.
  5. ~~\$598.75~~\$663.50 per discharge and ~~1.4842%~~1.6590 of outpatient net patient revenues for hospitals designated as type: hospital, subtype: short-term with 20% of total licensed beds licensed as pediatric, pediatric intensive care and neonatal intensive care as reported in the hospital’s 2019 Uniform Accounting Report.
  6. ~~\$673.50~~\$746.50 per discharge and ~~1.7125%~~1.9142% of outpatient net patient revenues for hospitals designated as type: hospital, subtype: short- term with at least 10% but less than 20% of total licensed beds licensed as pediatric, pediatric intensive care and neonatal intensive care as reported in the hospital’s 2019 Uniform Accounting Report.
  7. ~~\$149.75~~\$166.00 per discharge and ~~0.4567%~~0.5105% of outpatient net patient revenues for hospitals designated as type: hospital, subtype: children’s.
  8. ~~\$748.50~~\$829.50 per discharge and ~~2.2834%~~2.5523% of outpatient net patient revenues for hospitals designated as type: hospital, subtype: short- term not included in another peer group.
- C.** Peer groups for the four quarters beginning October 1 of each year are established based on hospital license type and subtype designated in the Provider & Facility Database for Arizona Medical Facilities posted by the Arizona Department of Health Services Division of Licensing Services on its website January, 2022.
- D.** Notwithstanding subsection (B), psychiatric discharges from a hospital that reported having a psychiatric sub-provider in the hospital’s 2019 Medicare Cost Report, are assessed a rate of ~~\$187.25~~\$207.50 for each

- discharge from the psychiatric sub-provider as reported in the 2019 Medicare Cost Report. All discharges other than those reported as discharges from the psychiatric sub-provider are assessed at the rate required by subsection (B).
- E.** Notwithstanding subsection (B), rehabilitative discharges from a hospital that reported having a rehabilitative sub-provider in the hospital's 2019 Medicare Cost Report, are assessed a rate of \$0 for each discharge from the rehabilitative sub-provider as reported in the 2019 Medicare Cost Report. All discharges other than those reported as discharges from the rehabilitative sub-provider are assessed at the rate required by subsection (B).
- F.** Notwithstanding subsection (B), for any hospital that reported more than ~~23,000~~24,000 discharges on the hospital's 2019 Medicare Cost Report, discharges in excess of ~~23,000~~24,000 are assessed a rate of ~~\$75.00~~\$83.00 for each discharge in excess of ~~23,000~~24,000. The initial ~~23,000~~24,000 discharges are assessed at the rate required by subsection (B).
- G.** Assessment notice. On or before the 15th day of the first month of the quarter or upon CMS approval, whichever is later, the Administration shall send to each hospital a notification that the Hospital Assessment Fund assessment invoice is available to be viewed on a secure website. The invoice shall include the hospital's peer group assignment and the assessment due for the quarter.
- H.** Assessment due date. The Hospital Assessment Fund assessment must be received by the Administration no later than:
1. The 15th day of the second month of the quarter or
  2. In the event CMS approves the assessment after the 15th day of the first month of the quarter, 30 days after notification by the Administration that the assessment invoice is available.
- I.** Excluded hospitals. The following hospitals are excluded from the assessment based on the hospital's 2019 Medicare Cost Report and Provider & Facility Database for Arizona Medical Facilities posted by the Arizona Department of Health Services Division of Licensing Services on its website for January 2, ~~2021~~2022:
1. Hospitals owned and operated by the state, the United States, or an Indian tribe.
  2. Hospitals designated as type: hospital, subtype: short-term that have a license number beginning "SH".
  3. Hospitals designated as type: hospital, subtype: psychiatric that reported fewer than 2,500 discharges on the 2019 Medicare Cost Report.
  4. Hospitals designated as type: hospital, subtype; rehabilitation.
  5. Hospitals designated as type: med-hospital, subtype: special hospitals.
  6. Hospitals designated as type: hospital, subtype: short-term located in a city with a population greater than one million, which on average have at least 15 percent of inpatient days for patients who reside outside of Arizona, and at least 50 percent of discharges as reported on the 2019 Medicare Cost Report are reimbursed by Medicare.
  7. Hospitals designated as type: hospital, subtype: short-term that have at least 25 percent Medicare swing beds as percentage of total Medicare days, per the 2019 Medicare Cost Report.
  8. Hospitals designated as type: hospital, subtype: short-term that are an urban public acute care hospital.
- J.** New hospitals. For hospitals that did not file a 2019 Medicare Cost Report because of the date the hospital began operations:
1. If the hospital was open on the January 2 preceding the October assessment start date, the hospital assessment will begin on October 1 following the date the hospital began operating.
  2. If the hospital began operating between January 3 and June 30, the assessment will begin on October 1 of the following calendar year.
  3. A hospital is not considered a new hospital based on a change in ownership.
  4. The assessment will be based on the discharges reported in the hospital's first Medicare Cost Report and Uniform Accounting Report, which includes 12 months-worth of data, except when any of the following apply;
    - a. If there is not a complete 12 months-worth of data available, the assessment will be based on the annualized number of discharges from the date hospital operations began through December 31 preceding the October assessment start date. The hospital shall self-report the discharge data and all other data requested by the Administration necessary to determine the appropriate assessment to the Administration no later than January preceding the assessment start date for the new hospitals. "Annualized" means

- divided by a ratio equal to the number of months of data divided by 12 months.
- b. If more than 12 months of data is available, the assessment will be based on the most recent 12 months of self-reported data, as of December 31;
5. For purposes of calculating subpart 4, if a new hospital shares a Medicare Identification Number with an existing hospital, the assessment amount will be based on self-reported data from the new hospital instead of the Medicare Cost Report. The data shall include the number of discharges and all other data requested by the Administration necessary to determine the appropriate assessment.
  6. For hospitals providing self-reported data, described in subpart 4 and 5:
    - a. Psychiatric discharges will be annualized to determine if subsections (B)(4) or (I)(3) apply to the assessment amount.
    - b. Discharges will be annualized to determine if subsection (F) applies to the assessment amount.
- K.** Changes of ownership. The parties to a change of ownership shall promptly provide written notice to the Administration of a change of ownership and any agreement regarding the payment of the assessment. The assessed amount will continue at the same amount applied to the prior owner. Assessments are the responsibility of the owner of record as of the first day of the quarter; however, this rule is not intended to prohibit the parties to a change of ownership from entering into an agreement for a new owner to assume the assessment responsibility of the owner of record as of the first day of the prior quarter.
- L.** Hospital closures. Hospitals that close shall pay a proportion of the quarterly assessment equal to that portion of the quarter during which the hospital operated.
- M.** Required information for the inpatient assessment. For any hospital that has not filed a 2019 Medicare Cost report, or if the 2019 Medicare Cost report does not include the reliable information sufficient for the Administration to calculate the inpatient assessment, the Administration shall use data reported on the 2019 Uniform Accounting Report filed by the hospital in place of the 2019 Medicare Cost report to calculate the assessment. If the 2019 Uniform Accounting Report filed by the hospital does not include reliable information sufficient for the Administration to calculate the inpatient assessment amounts, the hospital shall provide the Administration with data specified by the Administration necessary in place of the 2019 Medicare Cost report to calculate the assessment.
- N.** Required information for the outpatient assessment. For any hospital that has not filed a 2019 Uniform Accounting Report, or if the 2019 Uniform Accounting Report does not reconcile to 2019 Audited Financial Statements, the Administration shall use the data reported on 2019 Audited Financial Statements to calculate the outpatient assessment. If the 2019 Audited Financial Statements do not include the reliable information sufficient for the Administration to calculate the outpatient assessment, the Administration all use data reported on the 2019 Medicare Cost report. If the Medicare Cost report does not include reliable information sufficient for the Administration to calculate the outpatient assessment amounts, the hospital shall provide the Administration with data specified by the Administration necessary in place of the 2019 Medicare Cost report to calculate the outpatient assessment.
- O.** The Administration will review and update as necessary rates and peer groups periodically to ensure the assessment is sufficient to fund the state match obligation to cover the cost of the populations as specified in 36-2901.08.
- P.** Enforcement. If a hospital does not comply with this section, the director may suspend or revoke the hospital's provider agreement. If the hospital does not comply within 180 days after the hospital's provider agreement is suspended or revoked, the director shall notify the director of the Department of Health Services who shall suspend or revoke the hospital's license.